

RUDRA SOLARFARMS LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

TOGETHER WITH AUDITORS' REPORT

SNK & CO.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report**To****The Members,****Rudra Solarfarms Limited****CIN: U40108GJ2015PLC082717****Report on Financial Statements**

1. We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of **Rudra Solarfarms Limited** (the 'Company') (Formerly known as Rudra Solarfarms Private Limited erstwhile known as Rudra Windfarms Private Limited) which comprise the Balance sheet as at 31st March, 2017, Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash flow Statement for the year then ended and a summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("The Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the Financial Position, financial performance and Cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Principles generally accepted in India including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of The Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safe guarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to Fraud or Error.

Auditor's Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing Standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

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Opinion

4. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2017 and its Loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report of the Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

5. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, and according to information and explanation provided to us, we give in the Annexure - A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order.
6. **As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that,**
- We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit & Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
 - On the basis of the written representations received from the directors, as on 31st March 2017 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31st March, 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
 - With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our report in Annexure - 'B'.
 - With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us :
 - The company does not have any pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements
 - The company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contract for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - There were no amounts which are required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - The Company did not had any holdings or dealings in specified bank notes during the period from 8th November, 2016 to 30th December, 2016. (Refer note no : 7.1)

For SNK & Co.,
ICAI Firm Registration No.:109176W
Chartered Accountants



per Vilesh Dalva
Partner

Membership No.:133752

Place: Pune

Date: June 14, 2017



Annexure A – Annexure Referred to in paragraph 5 of our report of even date under heading “Report of the Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements”

Re :Rudra Solarfarms Limited

- (i) (a) The Company does not have any fixed assets except Capital Work in Progress. Accordingly the provision 3(i)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- According to the information and explanations given by the management, the title deeds of the immovable properties included in the fixed assets are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) The company does not have inventory. Accordingly the clause 3(ii) of the Order, 2016 is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies. Firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly the clause 3(iii) (a) to (c) of the Order, 2016 is not applicable to the company and hence not commented upon.
- (iv) The Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and securities.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits as per the directive issued by the Reserve Bank of India and as per the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed there under. Accordingly the clause 3 (v) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 is not applicable to the company.
- (vi) Maintenance of cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub section (1) of section 148 of the Companies act is not applicable to the company. Accordingly the clause 3(vi) of the Order, 2016 is not applicable to the company.
- (vii) (a) Undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, investor education and protection fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, wealth-tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty, cess and other material statutory dues, wherever applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities.
- According to the information and explanations given by the management, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, duty of customs, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, wherever applicable, were in arrears as at 31st March, 2017 for a period of more than 6 months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given by the management, there are no dues in respect of income tax, sales-tax, wealth tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty and cess, wherever applicable, that have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given by the management, the Company have not obtained any loans and do not have any repayment of dues to bank, financial institution, Government or debenture holders. Accordingly clause 3(viii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 is not applicable to the company
- (ix) The company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loan. Accordingly clause 3(ix) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 is not applicable to the company.
- (x) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given by the management, no fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) Based on the information and explanations given by the management, no managerial remuneration is paid or provided by the company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xi) of the Order, 2016 is not applicable.



- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order, 2016 is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given by the management and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given by the management and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has made preferential allotment and private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year and has complied with the provision of section 42 of the Companies Act 2013 in respect of such issue.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given by the management and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order, 2016 is not applicable.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For SNK & Co.
ICAI Firm Registration No.:109176W
Chartered Accountants



per Vilesh Dalya
Partner

Membership No.:133752
Place: Pune
Date: June 14, 2017



Annexure B: Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Re: Rudra Solarfarms Limited

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Rudra Solarfarms Limited** ("the Company") (the 'Company') (Formerly known as Rudra Solarfarms Private Limited erstwhile known as Rudra Windfarms Private Limited) as of 31 March 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the period ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control



over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For SNK & Co.
ICAI Firm Registration No.:109176W
Chartered Accountants

per Vilesh Dalva
Partner
Membership No.:133752
Place: Pune
Date: June 14, 2017



Rudra Solarfarms Limited

(Formerly known as Rudra Solarfarms Private Limited erstwhile known as Rudra Windfarms Private Limited)

Balance sheet as at March 31, 2017

All amounts in rupees, unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Assets			
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	5	6,00,00,015	2,99,50,015
(b) Capital work-in-progress	5	78,67,35,049	20,25,478
(c) Other non-current assets	6	-	4,46,40,000
		84,67,35,064	7,66,15,493
Current assets			
(a) Financial assets			
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	7	-	-
(ii) Bank balances other than (i) above	7	44,87,468	5,44,787
		44,87,468	5,44,787
Total assets		85,12,22,532	7,71,60,280
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Equity share capital	8	34,11,000	13,00,000
Other equity	9		
Equity component of compulsorily convertible debentures		9,98,13,029	4,40,00,000
Share premium		8,53,35,000	-
Retained earnings		(5,40,186)	(1,95,363)
		18,80,18,843	4,51,04,637
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	10	3,72,87,475	-
		3,72,87,475	-
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Other payables	11	62,59,07,464	3,13,98,454
Other current liabilities	12	8,750	6,57,189
		62,59,16,214	3,20,55,643
Total equity and liabilities		85,12,22,532	7,71,60,280

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For SNK & Co.

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration number: 109176W

per Vilesh Dalya

Partner

Membership No. : 133752

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Rudra Solarfarms Limited

Rohit Chauhan

Director

DIN : 07393363

Address : House No.238,
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Gautam Buddha Nagar,
Noida-201301, UP

Ashish Agrawal

Director

DIN : 06897569

Address : A/63/1,
DDA SFA Flat
Saket
New Delhi-110017

Place: Pune

Date : June 14, 2017

Place: Delhi

Date: June 13, 2017

Rudra Solarfarms Limited

(Formerly known as Rudra Solarfarms Private Limited erstwhile known as Rudra Windfarms Private Limited)

Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2017

All amounts in rupees, unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Notes	For year ended March 31, 2017	March 27, 2015 to March 31, 2016
Income		-	-
Expenses			
Other expenses	13	3,11,275	1,93,605
Finance costs	14	33,548	1,758
		3,44,823	1,95,363
Profit/ (loss) before tax		(3,44,823)	(1,95,363)
Tax expense		-	-
Current tax		-	-
Deferred tax		-	-
Profit/ (loss) after tax		(3,44,823)	(1,95,363)
Other Comprehensive Income for the period, net of tax		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		(3,44,823)	(1,95,363)
Earnings/ (loss) per equity share:	15		
- Basic [Nominal value of share Rs 10 (Rs 10)]		(1.28)	(5.26)
- Diluted [Nominal value of share Rs 10 (Rs 10)]		(1.28)	(5.26)
Summary of significant accounting policies	3		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For SNK & Co.

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration number - 109176W

per Vilesh Dalva

Partner

Membership No. : 133752

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Rudra Solarfarms Limited

Rohit Chadhan

Director

DIN : 07393363

Address : House No.238,
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Gautam Buddha Nagar,
Noida-201301, UP

Place: Delhi

Date: June 13, 2017

Ashish Agrawal

Director

DIN : 06897569

Address : A/63/1,
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Saket
New Delhi-110017

Place: Pune

Date : June 14, 2017

Rudra Solarfarms Limited

(Formerly known as Rudra Solarfarms Private Limited erstwhile known as Rudra Windfarms Private Limited)

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2017**a. Equity share capital**

	No. of shares	Amount
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid		
At April 1, 2015	-	-
Issue of share capital (Note 8)	1,30,000	13,00,000
At March 31, 2016	1,30,000	13,00,000
Issue of share capital (Note 8)	2,11,100	21,11,000
At March 31, 2017	3,41,100	34,11,000

b. Other equity, attributable to the equity holders of the parent


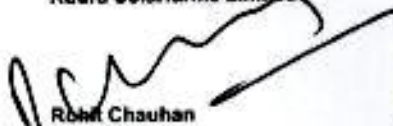
	Equity component of compulsorily convertible debentures	Retained earnings	Share premium	Total equity
As at April 1, 2016	4,40,00,000	(1,95,363)	-	4,38,04,637
Profit/ (loss) for the year	-	(3,44,823)	-	(3,44,823)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	(3,44,823)	-	(3,44,823)
Issue of compulsorily convertible debentures	5,58,13,029	-	-	5,58,13,029
Issue of equity share capital	-	-	8,53,35,000	8,53,35,000
As at March 31, 2017	9,98,13,029	(5,40,186)	8,53,35,000	18,46,07,843
As at the beginning	-	-	-	-
Profit/ (loss) for the year	-	(1,95,363)	-	(1,95,363)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	(1,95,363)	-	(1,95,363)
Issue of compulsorily convertible debentures	4,40,00,000	-	-	4,40,00,000
As at March 31, 2016	4,40,00,000	(1,95,363)	-	4,38,04,637

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For SNK & Co.
Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration number: 109176W


 per Vilesh Dalya
 Partner
 Membership No. : 133752
Place: Pune
Date : June 14, 2017For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Rudra Solarfarms Limited

 Rohit Chauhan
 Director
 DIN : 07393363
 Address : House No.238,
 Sector - 28,
 Gautam Buddha Nagar,
 Noida-201301, UP


 Ashish Agrawal
 Director
 DIN : 06897569
 Address : A/83/1,
 DDA SFA Flat
 Saket
 New Delhi-11001
Place: Delhi
Date: June 13, 2017

Rudra Solarfarms Limited

(Formerly known as Rudra Solarfarms Private Limited erstwhile known as Rudra Windfarms Private Limited)

Statement of cashflow for the year ended March 31, 2017

All amounts in rupees, unless otherwise stated

Particulars	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit/ (loss) before tax	(3,44,823)	(1,95,363)
Movements in working capital :		
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities	59,38,60,571	3,20,55,643
Cash generated from operations	59,35,15,748	3,18,60,280
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	-	-
A Net cash flow from/ (used in) operating activities	59,35,15,748	3,18,60,280
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets, including CWIP and capital advances	(76,93,98,067)	(7,66,15,493)
B Net cash flow from investing activities	(76,93,98,067)	(7,66,15,493)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of equity shares including premium	4,34,46,000	13,00,000
Proceeds from issuance of compulsorily convertible debentures	13,63,79,000	4,40,00,000
C Net cash flow from/ (used in) in financing activities	17,98,25,000	4,53,00,000
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	39,42,681	5,44,787
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	5,44,787	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	44,87,468	5,44,787
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash in hand	-	-
Balances with banks in current accounts	44,87,468	5,44,787
Total cash and cash equivalents (Note 7)	44,87,468	5,44,787

Note

- 1 The figures in brackets represents outflows.
- 2 Previous periods' figures have been regrouped/ reclassified, wherever required.

Refer Note 3 for Summary of significant accounting policies

As per our report of even date

For SNK & Co.

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration number: 109176W

per Vilesh Datta

Partner

Membership No. : 133752



For and on behalf of the board of directors of Rudra Solarfarms Limited

Rohit Chauhan
Director

DIN : 07393363

Address : House No.238,
Sector - 28,
Gautam Buddha Nagar,
Noida-201301, UPAshish Agrawal
Director

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Address : A/63/1,
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Place: Pune

Date: June 14, 2017

Place: Delhi

Date: June 13, 2017

Rudra Solarfarms Limited

(Formerly known as Rudra Solarfarms Private Limited erstwhile known as Rudra Windfarms Private Limited)

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017

All amount in rupees, unless stated otherwise

1. Corporate information

Rudra Solarfarms Limited ('Rudra' or the 'Company') (Formerly known as Rudra Solarfarms Private Limited erstwhile known as Rudra Windfarms Private Limited) having CIN U40108GJ2015PLC082717 domiciled in India and is incorporated in India under the provisions of Companies Act applicable in India and is a subsidiary of Suzlon Energy Limited. The Company is engaged in the business of sale of power generated through solar energy system and development of solar energy power park. The company is presently developing 15 MW (AC) Solar power project, which is expected to commission on or before June 30, 2017, to be situated at Achampet Site, District Mahbubnagar, State Telangana.

2. Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

For all periods up to and including the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP). These financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017 are the first the Company has prepared in accordance with Ind AS. Refer to Note 4 for information on adoption of Ind AS.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

a. Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is treated as current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and non-current liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.



Rudra Solarfarms Limited

(Formerly known as Rudra Solarfarms Private Limited erstwhile known as Rudra Windfarms Private Limited)

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017

All amount in rupees, unless stated otherwise

b. Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is Unobservable

At each reporting date, the Company analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Company verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

c. Revenue recognition

Revenues from Solar Energy Systems are obtained through the sale/supply of power based on Energy accounts/statements issued by appropriate Government authority/agencies.

d. Foreign currencies

i. Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017

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ii. Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items, which are measured at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rate at the date when such value was determined.

iii. Exchange differences

The Company accounts exchange differences as income or as expense in the period in which they arise.

e. Taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised either in other comprehensive income or in equity. Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income ('OCI') or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates the positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

f. Property, plant and equipment

Since there is no change in the functional currency, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognised in its Indian GAAP financial statements as deemed cost at the transition date, viz., April 1, 2015.



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Capital work-in-progress comprises of the cost of fixed assets that are not yet ready for their intended use as at the balance sheet date. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives.

Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on the written down value method ('WDV') based on the useful lives and residual values estimated by the management in accordance with Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The identified components are depreciated separately over their useful lives; the remaining components are depreciated over the life of the principal asset.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of fixed assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset on the date of disposal and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

g. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

h. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

i. Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets such as debt instruments are measured at amortised cost.

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:



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- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings and payables

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL'), fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to Profit and Loss. However, the company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

The Company has not designated any financial liability as at FVTPL.



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Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

This category generally applies to borrowings.

j. Compulsorily convertible debentures

Compulsorily convertible debentures are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of the contract.

On issuance of the compulsorily convertible debentures, the fair value of the liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent non-convertible instrument. This amount is classified as a financial liability measured at amortised cost (net of transaction costs) until it is extinguished on conversion or redemption.

The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to the conversion option that is recognised and included in equity since conversion option meets Ind AS 32 criteria for fixed to fixed classification. Transaction costs are deducted from equity, net of associated income tax. The carrying amount of the conversion option is not remeasured in subsequent years.

Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and equity components of the compulsorily convertible debentures based on the allocation of proceeds to the liability and equity components when the instruments are initially recognised.

k. Earnings/ (loss) per share

Basic earnings / (loss) per share are calculated by dividing the net profit / (loss) for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for any bonus shares issued during the year and also after the balance sheet date but before the date the financial statements are approved by the board of directors for the purpose of calculating diluted earnings / (loss) per share. The net profit / (loss) for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for bonus shares as appropriate. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable, had the shares been issued at fair value. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date.

l. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.



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For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

m. Measurement of EBITDA and EBIT

The Company has elected to present earnings before interest, tax, depreciation ('EBITD') and earnings before interest and tax ('EBIT') as a separate line item on the face of the statement of profit and loss. In the measurement of EBITD, the Company does not include depreciation, finance cost, finance income, exceptional and extraordinary items and tax expense. The Company reduces depreciation from EBITD to measure EBIT.

4. First-time adoption of Ind AS

These financial statements, for the year ended March 31, 2017 are the first time. The Company has prepared in accordance with Ind AS. For periods up to and including the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP).

Accordingly, the Company has prepared financial statements which comply with Ind AS applicable for periods ending on March 31, 2017, together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended March 31, 2016, as described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

Exemptions applied

Ind AS 101 allows first-time adopters certain exemptions from the retrospective application of certain requirements under Ind AS. The Company has applied the following exemptions:

- Since there is no change in the functional currency, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property as recognised in its I GAAP financials as deemed cost at the transition date.
- The Company has applied the requirements for de-recognition of financial instruments, as required in Ind AS 109-Financial Instruments prospectively for financial transactions occurring on or after April 1, 2015, the date of transition to Ind AS.

Estimates

The estimates at April 1, 2015 and at March 31, 2016 are consistent with those made for the same dates in accordance with Indian GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any differences in accounting policies).

The estimates used by the Company to present these amounts in accordance with Ind AS reflect conditions at April 1, 2015, the date of transition to Ind AS and as of March 31, 2016.

No change in equity as at March 31, 2016 as reported under I GAAP, except change in other equity due to issuance of compulsory convertible debentures aggregating to Rs 4,40,00,000.

No change in profit or loss for the year ended March 31, 2016 as reported under I GAAP.

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Rudra Solarfarms Limited*(Formerly known as Rudra Solarfarms Private Limited erstwhile known as Rudra Windfarms Private Limited)***Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017**

All amount in rupees, unless stated otherwise

5. Property, plant and equipment**As at March 31, 2016**

Description	Gross Block		Depreciation		Net Block	
	As at April 1, 2015	Addition/Deletion	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 1, 2015	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2016
Freehold land	-	2,99,50,015	2,99,50,015	-	-	2,99,50,015
Total	-	2,99,50,015	2,99,50,015	-	-	2,99,50,015
Capital work in progress	-	20,25,478	20,25,478	-	-	20,25,478

As at March 31, 2017

Description	Gross Block		Depreciation		Net Block	
	As at April 1, 2016	Addition/Deletion	As at March 31, 2017	As at April 1, 2016	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Freehold land	2,99,50,015	3,00,50,000	6,00,00,015	-	-	2,99,50,015
Total	2,99,50,015	3,00,50,000	6,00,00,015	-	-	2,99,50,015
Capital work in progress	20,25,478	78,47,09,571	78,67,35,049	-	-	20,25,478

Capital work in progress includes cost related to pv module, dc motor, module mounting structure, bos pier, ht panel, bos scada, hardware material, interest on compulsorily convertible debentures, bank guarantee charges, tender bid expenses, appraisal / processing / management fees, etc.

6. Other non-current assets

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Capital advances	-	4,46,40,000
Total	-	4,46,40,000

7. Cash and cash equivalents

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Cash in hand	-	-
Balances with banks:		
In current accounts	44,87,468	5,44,787
Total	44,87,468	5,44,787

7.1 Specified Bank Notes Disclosure ('SBN's')

The Company did not have any cash in hand during the year therefore the details as per notification G.S.R. 308(E) dated March 31, 2017 on the details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period from November 8, 2016 to December, 30 2016 are not applicable to the Company.

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Rudra Solarfarms Limited*(Formerly known as Rudra Solarfarms Private Limited erstwhile known as Rudra Windfarms Private Limited)***Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017**

All amount in rupees, unless stated otherwise

8. Share capital

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Authorised share-capital		
1,000,000 (450,000) of equity shares of Rs 10/- each	1,00,00,000	45,00,000
Issued, subscribed & paid-up		
341,100 (130,000) equity shares of Rs 10/- each fully paid up	34,11,000	13,00,000
Total	34,11,000	13,00,000

a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the financial year

	March 31, 2017		March 31, 2016	
	Number of shares	Rupees	Number of shares	Rupees
At the beginning of the year	130,000	13,00,000	-	-
Issued during the year				
- Preferential allotment	167,100	16,71,000	130,000	13,00,000
- Conversion of debenture	44,000	4,40,000	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	341,100	34,11,000	130,000	13,00,000

b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10 each. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends, if any, in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Shares held by holding company

Out of equity shares issued by the Company, shares held by Suzlon Energy Limited ('SEL'), its holding company, are as below:

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
173,994 (130,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid	17,39,940	13,00,000

d. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of the shareholder	March 31, 2017		March 31, 2016	
	Number of shares	% holding in class	Number of shares	% holding in class
Equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid				
Suzlon Energy Limited, holding company	173,994	51.01%	130,000	100.00%
AMPSolar India Private Limited	167,106	48.99%	-	-

As per the records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.



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9. Other equity

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Equity component of compulsory convertible debentures		
As per last balance sheet	4,40,00,000	-
Changes during the year	5,58,13,029	4,40,00,000
Total	9,98,13,029	4,40,00,000
Share premium		
Opening balance	-	-
Add: Fresh issue of share capital	8,53,35,000	-
Total	8,53,35,000	-
Retained earnings		
Opening balance	(1,95,363)	-
Add: Profit/ (loss) for the year	(3,44,823)	(1,95,363)
Total	(5,40,186)	(1,95,363)

Nature and purposes of other reserves:**(a) Securities premium**

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in Securities Premium Reserve. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

10. Non-current borrowings

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Unsecured		
Compulsorily convertible debentures	3,72,87,475	-
Total	3,72,87,475	-

Unsecured Compulsory Convertible Debentures shall be compulsorily convertible at any time after 24 months from the date of allotment, subject to however the same shall automatically and compulsorily be converted at the end of 20 (Twenty) years. The Compulsorily convertible debentures shall be entitled to interest at the rate of 0.01% per annum from issuance till 1st year of operation of 15 MWac Solar plant and 13% per annum for each subsequent year of operation.

11. Financial liabilities

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Interest accrued	5,818	1,013
Creditors for capital goods	62,24,70,453	2,92,99,826
Other payables	34,31,193	20,97,615
Total	62,59,07,464	3,13,98,454



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12. Other current liabilities

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Statutory dues	8,750	6,57,189
Total	8,750	6,57,189

13. Other expenses

	For year ended March 31, 2017	March 27, 2015 to March 31, 2016
Domestic consultancy charges	1,12,726	5,000
Auditors' remuneration and expenses	11,500	80,150
Rates and taxes	4,500	-
Other selling and administrative expenses	68,400	-
Legal expenses	1,14,149	1,08,455
Total	3,11,275	1,93,605

Payment to auditor**As auditor**

Statutory audit fees

	For year ended March 31, 2017	March 27, 2015 to March 31, 2016
Statutory audit fees	11,500	80,150
Total	11,500	80,150

14. Finance cost

	For year ended March 31, 2017	March 27, 2015 to March 31, 2016
Bank charges	33,548	1,758
Total	33,548	1,758

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All amount in rupees, unless stated otherwise

15. Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/ (loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/ (loss) attributable to equity holders of the company (after adjusting for interest on the compulsorily convertible debentures) by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

	For year ended March 31, 2017	March 27, 2015 to March 31, 2016
Basic		
Loss after tax	(3,44,823)	(1,95,363)
Weighted average number of equity shares	2,68,580	37,170
Basic earnings /(loss) per share of Rs 10 each	(1.28)	(5.26)
Diluted		
Loss after tax	(3,44,823)	(1,95,363)
Weighted average number of equity shares	2,68,580	37,170
Add: conversion of compulsorily convertible debentures	2,27,850	9,962
Weighted average number of equity shares for diluted EPS	4,96,430	47,132
Diluted earnings /(loss) per share of Rs 10 each	(1.28)	(5.26)

16. Related party disclosures**A. List of related parties and nature of relationship where transactions and control exists**

Name of the party	Nature of relationship
Suzlon Energy Limited	Holding company
Suzlon Gujarat Wind Park Limited	Fellow subsidiary

B. Other related parties**Key Management Personnel (KMP):**

Mr. Rohit Chauhan	Mr. Ashish Agrawal	Mr. Shyam Lal Sharma
Mr. Mukesh Kumar	Mr. Rohit Modi*	Mr. Anish Nanavaty*
Mr. Umang Shah**		

*Resigned from directorship w. e. f. December 29, 2016

**Resigned from directorship w. e. f. March 30, 2017

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Rudra Solarfarms Limited*(Formerly known as Rudra Solarfarms Private Limited erstwhile known as Rudra Windfarms Private Limited)***Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017**

All amount in rupees, unless stated otherwise

C. Transactions between the Company and the related party and the status of outstanding balances as at March 31, 2017.

Particulars	Holding company	Fellow Subsidiary	KMP
Transactions			
Purchase of capital goods	75,87,60,627	3,00,50,000	-
	(-)	(2,99,50,015)	(-)
Interest other*	4,494	-	-
	(1,013)	(-)	(-)
Reimbursement of expenses payable	17,26,450	-	-
	(19,24,465)	(1,00,000)	(-)
Issue of compulsorily convertible debentures	6,95,54,000	-	-
	(4,40,00,000)	(-)	(-)
Issue of equity shares (including share premium)	4,34,46,000	-	-
	(12,00,000)	(-)	(1,00,000)**
Outstanding balances			
Creditors for capital goods	60,81,20,627	1,43,49,826	-
	(-)	(2,92,99,826)	(-)
Advance for capital goods	-	-	-
	(4,46,40,000)	(-)	(-)
Compulsorily convertible debentures	6,95,54,000	-	-
	(4,40,00,000)	(-)	(-)
Interest payable	4,097	-	-
	(1,013)	(-)	(-)
Other current liabilities	2,96,117	-	-
	(19,24,465)	(1,00,000)	(-)

* Interest expenses is capitalised under capital work in progress

** Issued equity share has been purchased by Suzlon Energy Limited

D. Disclosure of significant transaction with related parties

Type of the Transaction	Type of Relationship	Name of the Entity	For year ended March 31, 2017	March 27, 2015 to March 31, 2016
Purchase of capital goods	Holding company	Suzlon Energy Limited	75,87,60,627	-
	Fellow subsidiary	Suzlon Gujarat Wind Park Limited	3,00,50,000	2,99,50,015
Interest expenses*	Holding company	Suzlon Energy Limited	4,494	1,013
Reimbursement of expenses payable	Holding company	Suzlon Energy Limited	17,26,450	19,24,465
	Fellow subsidiary	Suzlon Gujarat Wind Park Limited	-	1,00,000
Issue of compulsorily convertible debentures	Holding company	Suzlon Energy Limited	6,95,54,000	4,40,00,000
Issue of equity shares (including share premium)	Holding company	Suzlon Energy Limited	4,34,46,000	12,00,000

*Interest expenses is capitalised under capital work in progress



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Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017

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Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail at arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

17. Segment information

Since the Company primarily operates in one segment - Sale of Power generated through solar energy and currently developing the solar energy park, segment reporting as required under Ind AS 108 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India is not applicable, further there is no geographical reporting segment.

18. Capital and other commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital accounts and not provided for, net of advances is Rs 28,78,79,604 (Rs 94,54,10,000).

19. Contingent liabilities

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Claims against the company not acknowledged as debt	Nil	Nil
Guarantees excluding financial guarantees	Nil	Nil
Other money for which the company is contingently liable	Nil	Nil

20. Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under MSMED Act, 2006

Based on the information available with the Company, none of the vendors fall under the definition of micro, small & medium enterprises.

21. Additional information pursuant to the provisions of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, read with section 129 of the Companies Act 2013

- Value of imports calculated on CIF basis: Rs Nil
- Expenditure in foreign currency (accrual basis): Rs Nil
- Imported and indigenous raw materials, components and spare parts consumed: Rs Nil
- Earnings in foreign currency (accrual basis): Rs Nil

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017

All amount in rupees, unless stated otherwise

22. Prior year amounts have been reclassified wherever necessary to confirm with current year presentation. Figures in the brackets are in respect of the previous year.

As per our report of even date

For SNK & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.109176W

per Vilesh Dalva
Partner
Membership No. 133752



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Rudra Solarfarms Limited

Rohit Chauhan
Director

DIN: 07393363

Address : House No.238,
Sector - 28,
Gautam Buddha Nagar,
Noida-201301, UP

Ashish Agrawal
Director

DIN: 06897569

Address : A/63/1,
DDA SFA Flat
Saket
New Delhi-110017

Place : Pune
Date : June 14, 2017

Place: Delhi
Date : June 13, 2017